

### **Introduction to GS1 standards**

37th Global GS1 Healthcare Conference, Paris

Craig Alan Repec, Pete Alvarez GS1 Global Office

15 November 2022

# **GS1** Competition Law Caution



- GS1 operates under the GS1 Competition Law Caution. Strict compliance with competition laws is and always has been the policy of GS1.
- The best way to avoid problems is to remember that the purpose of the group is to enhance the ability of all industry members to compete more efficiently.
- This means:
  - There shall be no discussion of prices, allocation of customers, or products, boycotts, refusals to deal, or market share.
  - If any participant believes the group is drifting toward impermissible discussion, the topic shall be tabled until the opinion of counsel can be obtained.
- The full caution is available via the link below, if you would like to read it in its entirety: <a href="http://www.gs1.org/gs1-competition-law-caution">http://www.gs1.org/gs1-competition-law-caution</a>



## Today's presenters



### In English



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### Leave questions here for follow up after the event



1. Go to menti.com and enter 7678 3636 and tap on Submit



2. Tap on Open Q&A

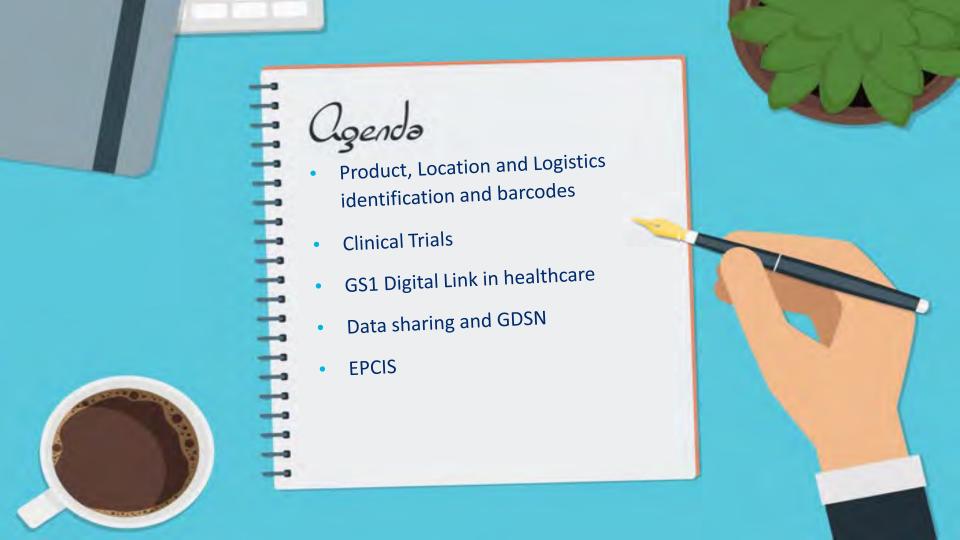


Then



3. Enter your question

















Products
Logistics and
Locations





### Safer, more efficient care starts with a simple scan



### GS1 Healthcare ONE product ONE barcode, to avoid confusion and risk



One of these options:

EAN/UPC,

GS1-128 or

GS1 DataMatrix

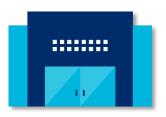


Not this!



### The Basics: Trade Item identification rules





The manufacturer / brand owner allocates the GTIN



One trade item, one GTIN













(01) 0 9524000 05926 0 (17) 250425 (10) ABC123 (21) abcd1234

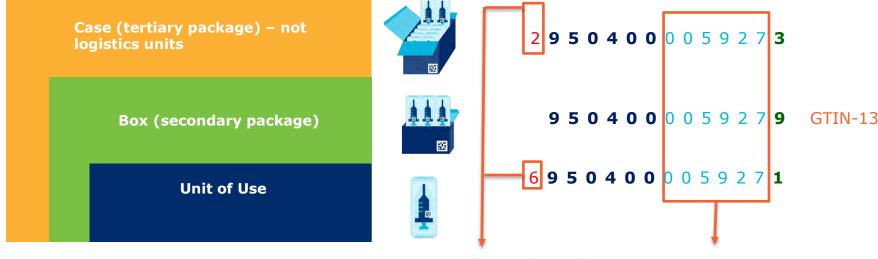
A GTIN for every different variant of a trade item

Re-use of a GTIN is not permitted



# GTIN-13 and GTIN-14: A common example





- Same GCP & Item references in a GTIN-13 and 14
- GTIN-14 uses different Indicator digits to create uniqueness. Not for point-of-sale scanning.

Different Indicator digits Same 1

Same Item Reference



GCP: GS1 company Prefix

# Identification and the trade item hierarchy



#### **Pharmaceuticals**

#### **Medical Devices**





- The common practice is to assign a GTIN to the lowest level traded item (each) and higher.
- However, manufacturers are encouraged (may be required in some markets) to assign GTIN(s) to the "level(s) below the each" to facilitate unit of use scanning at the point of care.



# Pharma unique trade item identification



In this example the **blister card is identified and marked with a single GTIN**. The unit of use is identified with a GTIN but is not marked. The marking is at the discretion of the brand owner





# Pharma unique trade item identification



In this example each blister cell is identified and marked.

The blister card is not identified or marked.

The marking is at the discretion of the brand owner.

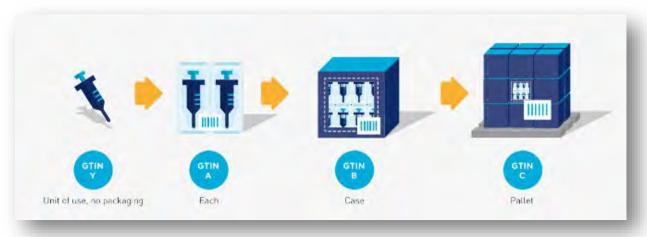




# Medical Device unique trade item identification



- Each level of the hierarchy is identified with a unique GTIN
- The unit of use can also be identified with a unique GTIN (depending on regulatory or trading partner requirements). It may or may not be marked.





### GS1 data carriers



#### **GS1 DataMatrix**



#### **GS1-128**



#### **RAIN RFID**



All data carriers can contain the same kind of information. The decision for the data carrier to use depends on the sector, scanning environment and the capabilities of the actor in the supply chain.



# GS1 Barcodes for healthcare products



EAN/UPC



GS1 DataMatrix



(01)19506000117843 (17)141120 (10)NYFUL01 (21)192837

- Each product should have one barcode only
- The data elements you need to encode, and/or the applicable regulation, can determine which barcode to use

GS1-128

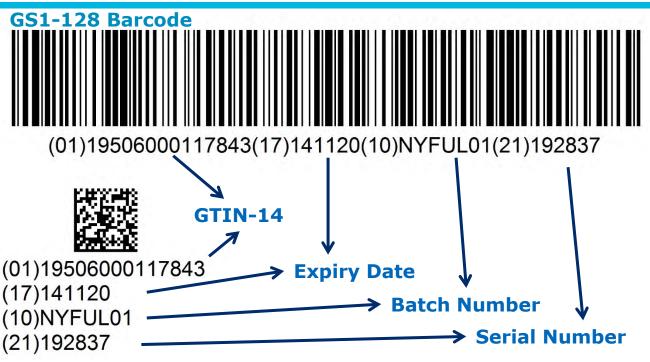


(01)19506000117843(17)141120(10)NYFUL01(21)192837



# A need to capture the GTIN & more





A GS1 Application Identifier (AI) is an element string that carriers dynamic or "production identification" data that in conjunction with the GTIN provide more granular information about the items identified at the point of scanning.

**GS1 DataMatrix Barcode** 







A new standard for investigational products (clinical trials)





# Investigational Products (clinical trials) identification



Example of a product with a GS1 DataMatrix barcode



Link to the GS1 Clinical Trials standard

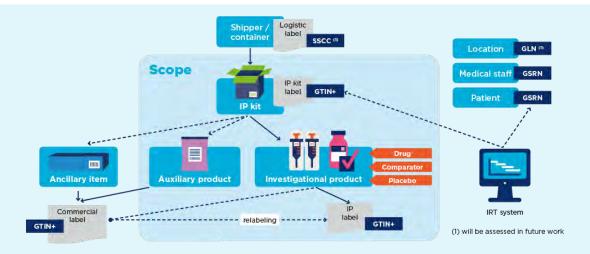


### Scope of work



This application standard focuses primarily on the **identification and barcoding of investigational products** from the time of kit assembly to use and, if necessary, destruction.

Investigational products include **active products**, **comparators** and **placebos**. Where identification of items outside of this scope, locations, patients or caregivers is required, reference is made to relevant existing GS1 standards.





Link to the GS1 Clinical Trials standard





# Logistics label example



#### **FJP CARRIERS**

GS1
Avenue Louise 326
1050 BE BRUXELLES
BE - Belgique
GLN: 9501101100015



TO Kerkstraat 319 1500 KM Wormerveer NL - Nederland

SSCC 3 9501101 001300012 9 ROUTE 123+1021JK+0320+12 SHIP TO POST - 5281500KM







# Serial Shipping Container Code (SSCC)





**SSCC Application Identifier (00)** 

- The SSCC serves a license plate for the logistics unit.
- It exists from the time the logistics unit is created until it is received and unpacked.



### Who allocates the SSCC?



The physical builder or brand owner of the logistic unit is responsible for the allocation of the SSCC:

- Manufacturer
- Wholesaler / Distributor
- Third party logistic provider





# SSCC and shipment notification (i.e. EDI message)









SSCC	GTIN of content	Number of items	Batch number	Expiry date	Sent to
089123450000000022	18961234560007	40 boxes	AB12	05/07/17	Pharmacy ABC
089123450000000015	18961234560014	25 boxes	AC12	10/11/17	Retailer ONE
	18961234560021	15 boxes	BE11	15/11/17	
089123450000000022	18961234560038	10 boxes	CD55	25/03/17	Hospital HC9
	18961234560038	30 boxes	CD56	25/03/18	





# Global Location Number (GLN)





**GLN** 

The **Global Location Number** is designed to improve the efficiency of communication with trading partners and add value to the trading partners involved, as well as to consumers.



#### **Legal entity**

Any business, government body, department, charity, individual or institution that has standing in the eyes of the law and can enter into agreements or



# Physical location

A site (an area, a structure or group of structures) or an area within the site where something was, is, or will be located.



#### **Digital location**

- A digital location represents an electronic (nonphysical) address for communication between computer systems.



#### **Function**

An organisational subdivision or department based on the specific tasks being performed, as defined by the organisation.



### Who creates and communicates the GLN?

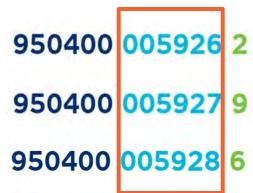


#### Who creates and allocates the GLN?

 GLNs are created and allocated using the GS1 Company Prefix (GCP) license assigned to the company wishing to identify locations, etc., they are allocated sequentially.

#### Who communicates the GLNs?

- It is the responsibility of the company assigning GLNs to keep business partners informed of all numbers issued and their associated information.
- The mechanism for sharing the GLN varies by country and sector





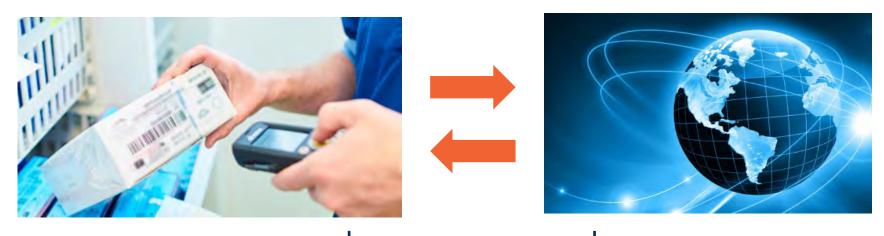


# Unlocking digital content with a single scan



#### **PHYSICAL**

### **DIGITAL**



Connecting the physical product to its digital self, without a URL/URI in the barcode

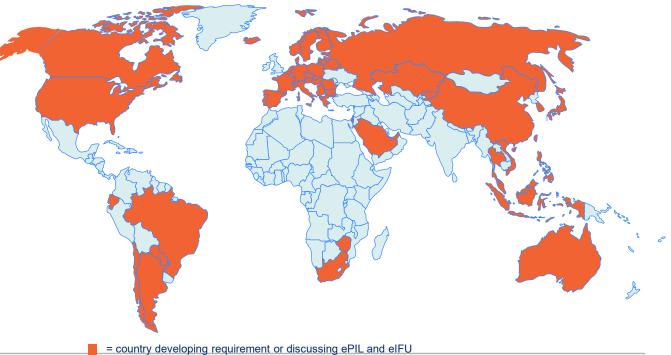


# Electronic leaflet activity across the world



There are discussions in many countries about a transition from paper to electronic leaflets.

GS1 standards enable the access.







### Safer, more efficient care starts with a simple scan



### GS1 Healthcare ONE product ONE barcode, to avoid confusion and risk



One of these options:

EAN/UPC,

GS1-128 or

GS1 DataMatrix



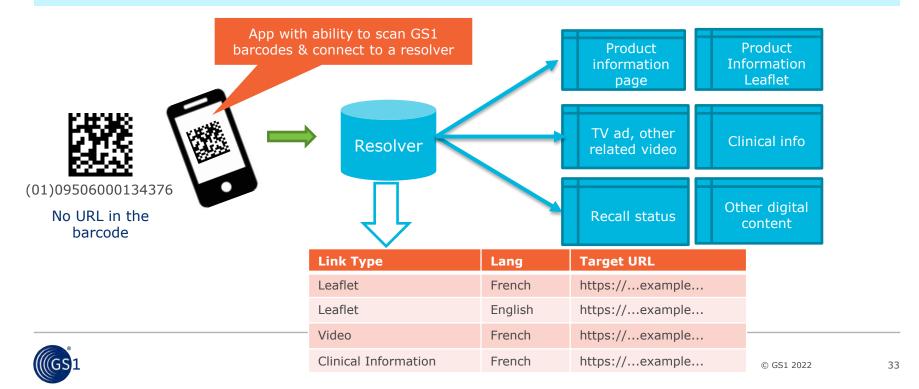
Not this!



### Solution illustration



### **GS1** Digital Link standard with the existing **GS1** barcode on the pack



# Case study: Pharmaceutical and Medical Devices Agency of Japan



Link to e-labeling on the PMDA database by scanning GS1 barcodes of secondary packages (sales packages) (Enforcement: 2021 August)



Scanning of GS1 barcodes

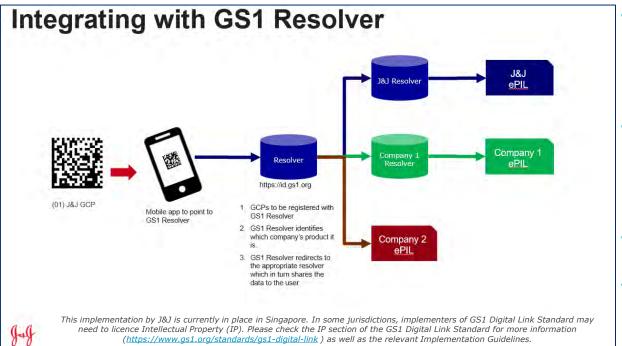
- A national solution using the GS1 Digital Link standard.
- All leaflets located in one location.
- Utilises the existing GS1 barcode.
- No need to add a second barcode just for leaflets.
- A single barcode minimised confusion at the point of care.



Source: Masayuki Muraoka, Deputy Director, Pharmaceutical Safety Division, Pharmaceutical Safety and Environmental Health Bureau. GS1 Healthcare Online Summit, November 2021

# Case study: J&J approach with an open invitation the entire industry





- An el eaflet solution for the Singapore pilot using the GS1 Digital Link standard, resolvers & the Scan Matrix (generic) app.
- Uses the existing GS1 barcode, no need for a 2<sup>nd</sup> barcode, minimises confusion at the point of care.
- Can work on any manufacturer's GS1 barcode.
- Open for any organisation to use it. Download the app









# **Product master data**0 9 5 2 4 0 0 0 0 5 9 6 0

**Brand name** 

**Manufacturer Name** 

**Manufacturer GLN** 

**Hierarchy level** 

**Child Item** 

**Product description** 

**Functional Name** 

**Shelf Life from Production** 

**Dosage Form** 

**Country Of Origin** 

**Total Quantity of Next Lower Level Trade Item** 



## The master data challenge

The Global Language of Business





Every company has a database filled with master data about the products they make, sell, or buy.

But when one company changes any bit of information in their database or adds a new item, another database becomes outdated!



#### Managing master data





Policies & procedures



Roles and Responsibility



Enterprise-wide data management



Data quality rules

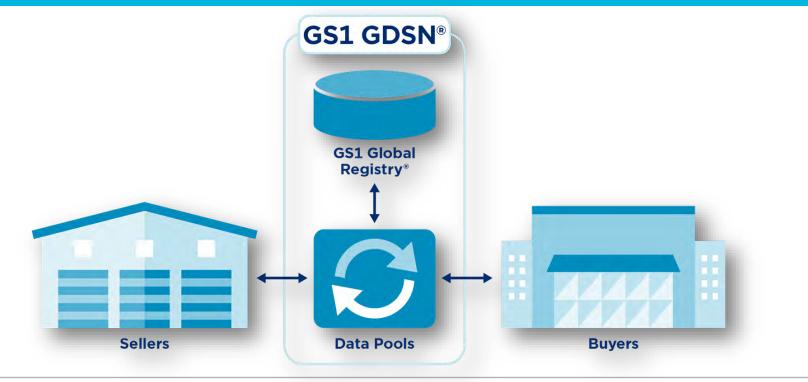
Data quality starts at the source, but is a shared responsibility with all actors in the supply chain including point of care

The quality of the data is reflection on the quality of the product



#### The Global Data Synchronisation Network









#### Supply Chain Data Sharing & GS1 Standards



## **EDI**

Ordering
Invoicing
Payment
Planning
(transaction info)

Shipping & Receiving

### **EPCIS**

Commissioning
Packing
Unpacking
Dispensing
(movement info)

## Master Data Product & location descriptive attributes



#### EPCIS: a GS1 "Share" standard





- Enables data-carrier neutral sharing of supply chain visibility data
- Also published as ISO/IEC 19987
- Defines a framework data model, capture and query interfaces
- Business process steps are captured as "events", which indicate:
  - **What** objects are the subject of event?



- When did this event take place?
- **Where** did the event occur, and where are the objects thereafter?  $\P$



- Why did the event take place?
- **How** (warm, humid, fast, radioactive, etc.) are the objects?



EPCIS 2.0: New features to increase versatility, lower adoption hurdles



#### Core Business Vocabulary (CBV)



- Companion GS1 standard to EPCIS, also published as ISO/IEC 19988
- Ensures a common understanding of data semantics
- Specifies unique identifiers for "What" & "Where" of EPCIS events
  - CBV 1.2: specifies that GS1 keys shall be encoded as EPC URNs
  - CBV 2.0: constrained subset of GS1 Digital Link URIs as alternative
- Defines cross-sector code lists to populate EPCIS event data
  - CBV 1.2 defines URNs and definitions in a PDF document
  - CBV 2.0 adds Web URI equivalents & browsable online definitions



#### EPCIS enables supply chain visibility

- Tracking
  - What are the current whereabouts of products that were shipped?
- Tracing
   Which path did a shipment follow on its way to the recipient?
- Chain of custody
   Which parties had contact with these products along the way?
- Inventory management & maintenance How much inventory is available? Which of it expires soonest? When are technical components due for maintenance?
- Recall
   Where are all downstream instances of a specific production batch?





#### Inventory



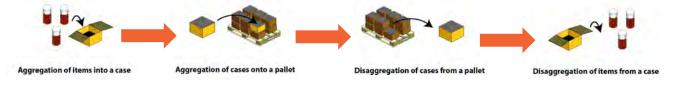
#### **Product Recall**



## EPCIS enables tracking of **Aggregation** changes



- Parent-Child logistical hierarchy
  - Parent: one containing object
  - Children: one of more contained objects
- Captures packing and unpacking steps



- Keep track of logistic / packing hierarchies
- Enables the practice of inference





#### **US FDA Draft Guidance of July 2022**

DSCSA Standards for the Interoperable Exchange of Information for Tracing of Certain Human, Finished, Prescription Drugs Guidance for Industry



https://www.fda.gov/media/90548/download

## VIII. WHAT STANDARDS SHOULD TRADING PARTNERS ADOPT FOR THE ENHANCED DRUG DISTRIBUTION SECURITY REQUIREMENTS?

FDA recommends that trading partners use the Electronic Product Code Information Services (EPCIS) standard<sup>21</sup> to provide and maintain the data associated with transaction information and transaction statements. EPCIS is a global GS1 standard that allows trading partners to capture and share information about products as they are transacted through the supply chain. Use of EPCIS can support and enable electronic and interoperable interfaces used by trading partners to help ensure compliance with the DSCSA requirements and is compatible with a range of different technological approaches. FDA believes that EPCIS is an appropriate globally recognized standard, and FDA understands there is considerable agreement among stakeholders that EPCIS is a suitable standard to adopt for the enhanced drug distribution security requirements.



## **UNICEF launch of Traceability and Verification System (TRVST)** August 2022



https://www.unicef.org/supply/stories/first-serialized-vaccine-scan-africa-marks-milestone-tackling-falsified-medical-products

- Allows low- and middle-income countries (LMIC) to verify the authenticity of health products and track/trace them
- The GS1 standards for identification and traceability are used a foundation of TRVST (e.g., GTIN, GS1 DataMatrix, GDSN, EPCIS)
- Future mid/long-term developments will also leverage the use of EPCIS for full track and trace and of the GS1 Digital Link standard to enable access to online product information



## EPCIS & CBV 2.0 Published in June 2022

#### https://www.gs1.org/standards/epcis

- Sensor data for monitoring the condition of products and assets
  - Cold chains and industrial IoT processes
  - Concentrations of chemicals and microorganisms, for food safety
- Certification details pertaining to products, organisations, locations
  - Details associated with reduction of carbon emissions or efficient use of natural resources, support for circular economy & sustainability
- Linked, browsable online definitions for all event data fields
- JSON / JSON-LD syntax
- REST API for capture and query of event data
- GS1 Digital Link URI syntax to express GS1 identifiers in event data



#### Leave questions here for follow up after the event



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2. Tap on Open Q&A



Then



3. Enter your question



## We look forward to seeing you over the next three days to discuss Global standards for global health













#### Links to additional information



- GS1 Healthcare GTIN Allocation Rules
- The Global Data Synchronisation Network
- GS1 Digital Link standard
- GS1 Digital Link in Healthcare: A single barcode for identification, authentication and access to information for medical products
- The key role of GS1 DataMatrix barcodes for product identification in healthcare (2021)
- EPCIS
- Your will find the recordings of the Japan and J&J case studies as presented during the November 2021 GS1 Healthcare Online Summit <a href="here">here</a>.



#### Contact information



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